

THE KILIFI COUNTY LIQUOR CONTROL BILL, 2013

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

Section

PART I—PRELIMINARY

- 1- Short title and commencement.
- 2- Interpretation.
- 3- Object and purpose of Act.

PART II—ADMINISTRATION

- 4- Establishment of the Directorate
- 5- Rehabilitation facilities and programs.
- 6- Establishment of the Fund.
- 7- Administration of the Fund.

PART III—LICENSING

- 8- Control of liquor
- 9- Establishment of the Sub-county committee.
- 10- Review Committee.
- 11- Application for licence.
- 12- Grant of a licence.
- 13- Provisional licence.
- 14- Licence for premises.
- 15- Persons not eligible for a licence.
- 16- Validity and renewal of licences.
- 17- Review.
- 18- Right of review.
- 19- Appeal to Court.
- 20- Licenses to body corporates.
- 21- Types of licence.
- 22- Transfer of licence.
- 23- Removal of licence.
- 24- Display of licence.
- 25- Employment for sale of liquor.

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

- 26-Drunken behaviour.
- 27-Debt from sale of liquor.
- 28-Access by persons under the age of eighteen years.
- 29- Reports by public health officers and police officers.
- 30-Cancellation of licence.

PART IV-GENERAL REQUIRMENTS

- 31-Conformity with requirements.
- 32-Supply to young persons.
- 33-Display of signs.
- 34-Vending machines.
- 35-Selling in sachets.

PART V- SALE AND CONSUMPTION

- 36- Sale to intoxicated person.
- 37- Disorderly conduct.
- 38-Breach of licence.
- 39-Sale to authorized officer.
- 40-Non disclosure of conviction.
- 41-Sale without licence.
- 42-Sale of adulterated liquor
- 43-Proof of sale.
- 44-Burden of Proof.
- 45-Endorsement of conviction on licence.
- 46-Forfeiture of licence upon conviction.

PART VI – ADVERTISEMENT AND PROMOTION

- 47-Prohibition of advertisement and promotion.
- 48- Promotion at underage events.
- 49- Encouraging consumption.

PART VII- ENFORCEMENT

- 50-Authorised officers.
- 51- Enforcement Committee.
- 52- Functions of Enforcement Committee.
- 53-Places authorized officers may enter.
- 54-Powers of officers.

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

- 55-Use of records.
- 56-Entry of dwelling place.
- 57-Court to issue warrant.
- 58-Use of force.
- 59-Certificate of analysis.
- 60-Assistance of officers.
- 61-Obstruction.
- 62-Seizure.
- 63-Restoration of seized product or thing.
- 64-General penalty.
- 65-Nature of offences.
- 66-Nature of evidence in proceedings.

PART VIII –MISCELLANEOUS

- 67-Regulations.
- 68- Transitional.

FIRST SCHEDULE -Types of Licences.

SECOND SCHEDULE – Licence hours.

THE KILIFI COUNTY LIQUOR CONTROL BILL, 2014

AN ACT of Kilifi County Assembly to provide for the control and regulation of the production, sale, distribution, consumption and outdoor advertising, of liquor, and for connected purposes.

ENACTED by the Kilifi County Assembly, as follows -

PART I – PRELIMINARY

Short title and commencement.

1. This Act may be cited as the Kilifi County Liquor Control Act, 2014 and shall come into operation upon the assent of the Governor.

Interpretation.

2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires-

"alcohol" means the product known as ethyl alcohol or any product obtained by fermentation or distillation of any fermented alcoholic product, rectified either once or more often, whatever the origin, and shall include synthetic ethyl alcohol, but shall not include methyl alcohol and alcohol completely denatured in accordance with the prescribed formulas;

"liquor" includes alcohol, spirit, wine, beer, liquor, traditional alcoholic drink, and any one or more of such varieties containing one-half of one percent or more of alcohol by volume, including mixed liquor, modified industrial alcohol blended for human consumption and every liquid or solid, patented or not, containing alcohol and capable of being consumed by a human being;

"authorized officer" means an authorised officer within the meaning of section 50;

"Authority" means the National Authority for the Campaign Against Alcohol and Drug Abuse"

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

established under the National Authority for the Campaign Against Alcohol and Drug Abuse Act, 2012

Cap.222

‘cinema’ has the meaning assigned to it in the Films and Stage Plays Act;

“County” means the Kilifi county

“Directorate” means the Liquor Control Directorate established under section 4;

“entity” includes a company, corporation, firm, partnership, association, society, trust or other organization, whether incorporated or not;

“Enforcement Committee” means the County Liquor Control Enforcement Coordinating Committee established under section 51;

“Executive Member” means the county executive member responsible for liquor control;

“Fund” means the Liquor Control Fund established by section 6;

“Governor” means the Governor of Kilifi County;

“health institution” means a hospital, nursing home, convalescent home, maternity home, health centre, dispensary or other institution where health or other medical services are rendered free of charge or upon payment of a fee;

“illicit trade” means any practice or conduct prohibited by law and which relates to production, shipment, receipt, possession, distribution, sale or purchase of alcohol or its products, including any practice or conduct intended to facilitate such activity;

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

“licensee” means a person who holds a licence granted under this Act;

“locality” unless where context otherwise provides to the contrary, means a city, municipality, town, urban area, sub-county or ward as the case may be;

“manager” in relation to –

- (a) a cinema or theatre, includes an assistant manager, a person holding an office analogous to that of a manager or assistant manager of the cinema or theatre or any person in charge or in control of the cinema or theatre;
- (b) a health institution, includes the owner or a person in charge or in control of the health institution;
- (c) a specified building, includes the owner, occupier, lessee or the person in charge or in control of the specified building;

“manufacture” means the brewing, distilling, tapping or any processing or intermediate processing of an alcoholic drink and includes the packaging, labeling, distribution or importation of an alcoholic drink for sale in the county or anywhere in Kenya;

“manufacturer”, in respect of an alcoholic drink, includes any entity that is involved in its manufacture, including an entity that controls or is controlled by the manufacturer, or that is controlled by the same entity that controls the manufacturer;

“package” means the container, receptacle or wrapper in which an liquor is sold or distributed and includes the carton in which multiple packages are

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

stored;

“retailer” means a person who is engaged in a business that includes the sale of any liquor to consumers;

“review committee” means the County Liquor Regulation Administrative Review Committee established under section 10;

“sell” includes-

- (a) barter or exchange without use of money;
- (b) offer or expose for sale, barter or exchange without use of money;
- (c) supply, or offer to supply, in circumstances in which the supplier derives or would derive, a direct or indirect pecuniary benefit;
- (d) supply or offer to supply, gratuitously but with a view of gaining or maintaining custom, or otherwise with a view for commercial gain;

“sub-county committee” means the Sub-county Liquor Regulations Committee appointed under section 9.

Object and purpose of Act.

3. The object and purpose of this Act is to provide for control of liquor by the County government pursuant to Part II of the Fourth Schedule to the Constitution so as to regulate the production, sale, distribution, promotion and use of liquor and the promotion of research, treatment and rehabilitation for persons dependent on liquor in order to –

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

- (a) Protect the health of the individual in the county in light of the dangers of excessive consumption of liquor;
- (b) Protect persons under the age of eighteen years from negative impact on health and social development from exposure to advertisements of liquor.
- (c) protect consumers of liquor from misleading or deceptive inducements and inform them of the risks of excessive consumption of liquor;
- (d) protect the health of persons under the age of eighteen years by preventing their access to liquor;
- (e) inform and educate the residents in the county on the harmful health, economic and social consequences of the consumption of liquor;
- (f) adopt and implement effective measures to eliminate illicit trade in alcohol including smuggling, illicit manufacturing and counterfeiting;
- (g) ensure fair and ethical business practices related to production, distribution, promotion and sale of liquor;
- (h) reduce and mitigate the negative health, social and economic impact on communities resulting from production, sale and consumptions of liquor.

PART II –ADMINISTRATION

Establishment of Directorate.

4. (1) There may be established in the county the Liquor Control Directorate which shall be (an office in the county public service) under the office of the Executive in charge of Liquor control

(2) The functions of the Directorate shall be to-

No 17 of 2012.

No. 13 of 2011.

- (a) support and facilitate Sub-county Committees in carrying out their functions;
- (b) carry out public education on liquor control in the county directly and in collaboration with other public or private bodies and institutions;
- (c) facilitate citizen participation in matters related to liquor control in accordance to framework for citizen participation established under the County Governments Act, the Urban Areas and Cities Act or any other relevant written law;
- (d) facilitate and promote in collaboration with other county and national government institutions the establishment of treatment and rehabilitation facilities and programmes;
- (e) carry out research directly or in collaboration with other institutions and serve as the repository of data and statistics related to liquor control

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

- (f) develop in collaboration with other county and national government departments strategies and plans for implementing this Act and control of alcohol abuse and any other relevant national legislation and coordinate and support their implementation;
- (g) advise the Executive Member generally on the exercise of his/her powers and performance of his/her functions under this Act, and in particular on county policy and laws to be adopted in regard to the production, manufacture, sale and consumption of liquor;
- (h) in collaboration with other relevant county departments, prepare and submit an liquor status report bi-annually in the prescribed manner to the Executive Member which shall be transmitted to the County Executive Committee, county assembly and the Authority;
- (i) recommend to the Executive Member and participate in the formulation of laws and regulations related to liquor;
- (j) monitoring and evaluating the implementation of this Act including the operations of the Sub-county Committees and advising the executive member on the necessary measures to be adopted;

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

- (k) carry out such other roles necessary for the implementation of the objects and purpose of this Act and perform such other functions as may, from time to time, be assigned by the executive member.

(3) The Directorate shall be headed by a Director who shall be recruited by the County Public Service Board and appointed by the County Executive Committee member responsible for liquor licensing and control

(4) The Executive Member and the County Public Service Board shall ensure that the Directorate has adequate human, financial and any other appropriate resource to enable it carry out the functions assigned under this Act.

Establishment of rehabilitation facilities and programs.

5. (1) The Directorate shall –

- (a) in collaboration with other relevant county and national government agencies establish treatment and rehabilitation facilities and programs for persons dependent on liquor in each sub-county.
- (b) ensure that the treatment and rehabilitation facilities have the necessary human resources for effective operation and service delivery;
- (c) ensure that the treatment and rehabilitation services are designed in a manner that is accessible and affordable to persons dependent on liquor.

Establishment of the Fund.

6. (1) There is established a fund to be known as the County Liquor Control Fund.

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

(2) The Fund shall consist of-

- (a) such monies as may be appropriated by the county assembly;
- (b) such licence and other fees as may be payable under this Act;
- (c) such sums as may be realized from property forfeited to the county government under this Act;
- (d) sums received, including contributions, gifts or grants from or by way of testamentary bequest by any person;
- (e) moneys earned or arising from any investment of the Fund;
- (f) all other sums which may in any manner become payable to, or vested in, the Fund.

(3) Where, in terms of subsection (2) (c), any immovable property is assigned to the Fund, the Director shall deal with the property in such manner as he/she thinks fit and may sell the property and use the proceeds of sale for the purposes for which the Fund is established.

(4) The Fund shall be used for meeting the capital and recurrent expenditure relating to-

- (a) carrying out the functions of the Directorate stipulated under section 4;
- (b) assisting in the operations of the Sub-county Committees;
- (c) any other matter incidental to the matters stated in paragraphs (a) and (b).

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

(5) The provisions of section 116 of the Public Finance Management Act shall apply with respect to management of the Fund.

Cap. 412C
Administration of the
Fund.

7. (1) The Fund shall be administered by the Director who shall chair the Fund together with a Board whose members shall include:

a) the Chief Officer responsible for finance or his designate appointed in writing;

b) the Chief Officer responsible for social services or his designate appointed in writing;

c) two members appointed by the County Executive Member and shall from the community resident within the county, not of the same gender who -

(i) has knowledge in the field of welfare or socio-economic development or social services; and

(ii) has knowledge or experience in the liquor industry and not actively involved therein nor having a financial interest, whether direct or indirect.

Qualifications of
Members

(2) Appointment made under section 7(1)(c) shall be subject to such persons who –

(a) hold a minimum of a bachelors degree from a university recognized in Kenya;

(b) satisfy the requirements provided under Chapter Six of the Constitution.

(3) The Board may, with the approval of the Executive Member for the time being responsible for liquor control and the County Assembly, invest or place on a deposit account any of the moneys of the Fund and any interest earned on moneys so invested or deposited shall be placed to the credit of the Fund.

(3) The Board shall-

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

No 12 of 2003.

- (a) supervise and control the administration of the Fund;
- (b) impose conditions on the use of any expenditure authorized and may impose any restriction or other requirement concerning use of expenditure;
- (c) cause to be kept proper books of account and other books and records in relation to the Fund as well as to all the various activities and undertakings of the Fund;
- (d) prepare, sign and transmit to the Auditor-General in respect of each financial year and within three (3) months after the end thereof, a statement of accounts relating to the Fund in accordance with the Public Audit Act, 2003 and in such details as the county treasury may from time to time direct;
- (e) furnish such additional information as may be required for examination and audit by the Auditor-General or under any law; and
- (f) designate such staff as may be necessary to assist in the management of the Fund provided that such staff shall work in the Directorate.

PART III- LICENSING

Control of liquor.

8.(1) No person shall—

- (a) manufacture or otherwise produce;
- (b) sell, distribute or dispose of, or deal with;

any alcoholic drink in the county except under and in

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

accordance with a licence issued under this Act.

(2) Any person who contravenes the provisions of subsection (1) commits an offence.

(3) Subsection (1) shall not apply to—

(a) the importation of liquor into the country if the alcoholic drink has been imported to the country pursuant to an import license issued by the Authority;

(b) the bona fide administration or sale for purely medical purposes, and in accordance with any written law for the time being in force governing the administration and sale of medicine, by a medical practitioner registered (relevant act), a veterinary surgeon registered under the Veterinary Surgeons Act or a pharmacist registered under the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, of a medicine containing alcoholic drink;

(c) the sale of spirituous or distilled perfume, or perfumery;

(d) the sale of industrial alcohol;

(e) the sale by auction by an auctioneer, licensed under the Auctioneers Act, 1996, of an alcoholic drink in quantities not less than those authorized to be sold under a wholesale alcoholic drink licence belonging to a wholesale dealer, on the licensed premises of the dealer;

(f) the sale by a deceased person's legal

Cap. 366.

Cap.244.

No.5 of 1996.

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

personal representative of an alcoholic drink forming part of the estate of the deceased person;

- (g) the sale by a trustee in bankruptcy of an alcoholic drink forming part of the bankrupt's estate;
- (h) the sale by the liquidator of a company of an alcoholic drink forming part of the company's assets;
- (i) the sale of liquor at Parliament or the County Assembly Buildings, if sold with the permission of the Speaker of the respective Assembly;

the sale of liquor to the members only of any canteen, club, institute, mess or similar institution of the disciplined forces for reasons other than for personal profit:

Establishment of the Sub-county committee.

9. (1) There shall be, two (2) sub-county liquor Regulation committees namely Kilifi Northern Region Liquor Regulation Committee and Kilifi Southern Region Liquor Regulation Committee, committees to be known as the Sub-county Liquor Regulation Committees which shall-

- (a) issue licenses in accordance with this Act; and
- (b) perform such other functions as may, from time to time be assigned to it by the Governor.

(2) The Sub-county Committee may, in the discharge of its functions under this Act, make inspection or other visits to premises at such times as it may deem appropriate.

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

No 17 of 2012. (3) In carrying out its functions, the Sub-county Committee shall –

No. 13 of 2011.

(a) ensure that there is effective public participation in accordance with the framework for citizen participation established under the County Governments Act, the Urban Areas and Cities Act or any other relevant written law;

No 17 of 2012.

(b) collaborate with ward administrators and village administrators and councils appointed under the County Governments Act, 2012 and the officers in charge of coordination of national government functions in the wards and villages;

(c) collaborate with similar committees in other counties for effective implementation of the Act.

(4) The regional committee shall consist of –

No. 17 of 2012.

(a) sub-county administrator in the zone who shall be the chairperson;

(b) the sub-county public health officers in the zone;

(c) two officers commanding police services in the sub-county drawn from the Kenya police and administration police;

(d) one officer designated by the Directorate who shall be the Secretary;

(e) the officer responsible for coordination of national government functions in the

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

sub-county or a representative;

- (f) an officer appointed from the office of physical planning in the county;
- (g) three residents of the county appointed by the Executive Member through a competitive process in accordance with the prescribed rules, one of whom shall be a youth.

(5) The chairperson of the committee shall serve for a twelve months term but may be eligible for re-appointment.

(6) Voting shall be by secret ballot poll at the meeting of the committee.

(7) The authorized officers specified under to section 50 or any person designated by the Authority shall attend the meetings of the Sub-county Committee in an *ex-officio* capacity.

(8) A person shall not be a member of the Sub-county Committee if such person is–

- (a) the holder of a licence in the county under this Act;
- (b) a partner in a firm or director or shareholder of a company or other body which is the holder of a licence in that county under this Act;
- (c) directly or indirectly employed as an agent of a person, firm or company which is the holder of a licence in the county under this Act;
- (d) undischarged bankrupt;

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

(e) a person who has been convicted of an offence under this Act or of a felony.

(9) The conduct of business and affairs of the sub-county committee shall be in such manner as may be prescribed.

(10) The Directorate shall provide secretariat services for Sub-county Committees.

Review Committee. **10.** (1) There is established the County Liquor Regulations Administrative Review Committee.

(2) The Review Committee shall consist of-

No. 17 of 2012.

- (a) executive member who shall be the chairperson;
- (b) the county public health officer;
- (c) two officer commanding police services in the county drawn from Kenya Police & Administration Police;
- (d) the Director who shall be the Secretary;
- (e) the officer responsible for coordination of national government functions in the county;
- (f) an officer for the time being responsible for physical planning in the county;
- (g) one person who is an Advocate of the High Court appointed by the executive member;
- (h) two residents of the county appointed by the Executive Member through a competitive process in accordance with the prescribed rules, one of whom shall be a youth.
- (i) A person representing the Authority

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

(2) The Review Committee shall be responsible for reviewing on appeal decisions made by a sub-county Committee.

(3) The conduct of business and affairs of the Review Committee shall be in such manner as may be prescribed.

(4) The Directorate shall provide administrative services to the Review Committee.

Application for licence.

11.(1) A person intending to produce, manufacture, import, distribute any alcoholic drink in the county or to operate an establishment for the sale of an alcoholic drink shall make an application in a prescribed form to the sub-county Committee in the sub-county where the premise is to be situated and shall pay a prescribed fee.

(2) The application under subsection (1) shall contain-

(a) a comprehensive information on the nature, orientation and other justification for the establishment of the manufacturing plant or establishment for sale;

(b) an indication as to whether the manufacture or sale of the alcoholic drink is licensed in another county and if so the evidence of such licensing;

(c) for a manufacturer's licence, certification from Kenya Bureau of Standards;

(d) such other matters as may be prescribed.

(3) The Sub-county Committee shall, within twenty-one days after the submission of application

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

for a licence, prepare a notice setting forth the names of all applicants, the types of licences applied for, the premises in respect of which the licences are applied for and the time, date and place of the meeting, and shall forthwith cause a copy of the notice to be—

- (a) published at the office of the Sub-county administrator for a period of not less than twenty-one consecutive days;
- (b) posted in some conspicuous place at or near the applicant's premises;
- (c) sent to the Inspector-General of Police, or to such police officer as the Inspector-General may have notified the Governor that he has appointed to receive it on his behalf;
- (d) sent to the sub-county public health officer in the sub-county in which the premises in respect of which the licences are applied for are situated; and
- (e) sent to the sub-county physical planning officer

(4) The Inspector-General of Police or, as the case may be, of the police officer appointed by him for that purpose; the sub-county public health officer; and the sub-county physical planning officer shall, before the hearing of any application under this section, report as fully as possible to the Sub-county Committee on all matters which may be relevant to the consideration of the application.

(5) Any person may lodge objection to an application.

(6) Every objection to an application shall be made in writing to the Secretary to the Sub-county

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

Committee, and the objector shall serve notice of the grounds of the objection on the applicant, personally or by post, at least seven days before the hearing of the application and the onus of proof of such service shall be on the objector.

(7) A Sub-county Committee may of its own motion take notice of any matter or thing which, in the opinion of the Committee, constitutes an objection to an application, whether or not any objection has been otherwise lodged.

(8) Where in respect of an application a Sub-county Committee acts in pursuance of subsection (7), the Committee shall inform the applicant of the nature of the objection, and shall, if the applicant so requests, adjourn the hearing for such period, not being less than seven days, as the Sub-county Committee considers necessary to enable the applicant to reply thereto.

(9) Every person making an application shall, save as otherwise provided, appear in person or by an advocate before the Sub-county Committee, and shall satisfy the Sub-county Committee that there is need for the grant of a licence of the type applied for in the particular locality in respect of which the application is made.

(10) A Sub-county Committee may require the personal appearance before it of the applicant, or of the manager of the premises to which the application relates, or of both of them and of any other person whose attendance is considered by the committee to be necessary.

(11) Any objector may appear personally or by an advocate at the hearing of the application.

(12) A sub-county may authorize, in writing, any person to appear before any Sub-county Committee

having jurisdiction in any part of the area within the jurisdiction of the local authority for the purpose of representing the inhabitants of that part in respect of any objection lodged to an application.

(13) Where a Sub-county Committee considers it necessary to take evidence respecting any question to be determined by the court, such evidence shall be given on oath, and the chairman shall be empowered to administer oaths.

Cap.63

(14) For the purposes of Chapter XI of the Penal Code (which concerns offences relating to the administration of justice), all proceedings before a Sub-county committee shall be deemed to be judicial proceedings.

(15) Every Sub-county Committee shall maintain records of all its proceedings, and, in particular, of the purpose for which an application was made, and notes of the evidence given and of the arguments adduced and the decision of the court thereon:

Provided that no decision shall be quashed on appeal solely by reason of any omission or error in such record, unless it appears that a substantial miscarriage of justice has thereby been occasioned.

(16) The Sub-county Committee shall, within twenty-one days of receipt of the application under subsection (1), record the application and assess the same on the basis of the objections received if any and the interests of the sub-county, and shall ensure that-

- (a) the available premises are suitable with regard to the nature of the licence being sought;
- (b) the premises conform to the prescribed requirements of the occupational health

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

and safety regulations;

Cap 496.

- (c) the applicant possesses the infrastructure and equipment necessary to carry out the business applied for;
- (d) the applicant for a licence to brew, distill, bottle or manufacture an alcoholic drink possesses necessary qualifications and relevant requirements stipulated under Standards Act or any other relevant written law; and
- (e) the premises has sufficient number of competent staff in line with such norms as may be prescribed.

Grant of a licence.

12.(1) The Sub-county Committee shall, after considering the application under section 11, indicate in writing whether it objects to the grant of the licence applied for.

(2) Where the Sub-county Committee has no objection to the application under section 11, it shall grant a licence to the applicant upon payment of the prescribed fee.

(3) The licence issued shall be in such form as may be prescribed and subject to such conditions as the Sub-county Committee may consider fit.

(4) Where the Sub-county Committee is not satisfied with the application under subsection (1), it may-

- (a) reject the application giving reasons and notify the applicant accordingly within thirty days of the decision to reject; or
- (b) make comments and recommendations thereon and return it to the applicant

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

within fourteen days.

(5) The applicant to whom the application is returned under subsection (4) (b) may re-submit a revised application within thirty days of the date of notification.

(6) On receipt of any revised application under subsection (5), the Sub-county Committee shall, within thirty days determine the application in accordance with this Act and upon such determination, if satisfied, issue a licence.

(7) Where the Sub-county Committee grants a licence under this section it shall, publish the grant in the county Gazette within fourteen days.

Provisional licence.

13.(1) Despite the provisions of sections 11 and 12, the Sub-county Committee may issue a provisional license for the manufacture or sale of an alcoholic drink for such period not exceeding six months as may be appropriate where the Committee is satisfied that the applicant for the license has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Committee that the manufacture or sale of the alcoholic drink is licensed in another county but the issuance of the provisional license shall be subject to the applicant complying with the provisions of sections 11 and 12 within the period of the provisional licence.

(2) Where premises are about to be constructed or reconstructed or are in course of construction or reconstruction for the purpose of being used for the sale of liquor for consumption on such premises, any person having an interest in the premises may apply in the prescribed form to the Sub-county committee for an assurance that, on the completion of the construction or reconstruction, a licence of the type to be specified in the application will be granted in respect of such premises.

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

(3) The provisions of section 11 and 12 shall apply to such applications, which shall be accompanied by a signed copy of the plans of such premises.

(4) The Sub-county committee may, subject to such reasonable conditions as it may therein include, give to the applicant an assurance in the prescribed form that, on the completion of the premises, a licence of the type specified therein will be granted or it may refuse to give such an assurance.

(5) Where such an assurance has been given under subsection (4), the Sub-county committee may, on any date, on being satisfied that the premises have been completed in accordance with the signed plans submitted under sub section (3) and that any conditions which may have been imposed in the assurance have been complied with, issue to the applicant a licence of the type specified in the assurance in respect of the premises.

(6) Any assurance given under subsection (4) shall become ineffective and the Sub-county committee shall not issue a licence if, between the date of the giving thereof and the date of completion of the premises, the applicant becomes a person to whom in accordance with section 15, a licence may not be granted.

Licence for premises.

14.(1) The Sub-county Committee shall not grant a new licence for the sale of an alcoholic drink to be consumed on the premises unless the Sub-county committee is satisfied—

(a) that it would be in the public interest for provision to be made for the sale of alcoholic drink for consumption on the premises in the particular locality in respect of which the application is made, and that the number of such premises in

respect of which such licences have already been granted is insufficient for the requirement of the locality given the population density per square kilometre and the permitted maximum number of such premises as shall be prescribed by law:

Provided that no licence shall be granted to sell liquor in any institution of basic education including primary and secondary schools, Religious facilities, Health Institutions or any residential area as have been demarcated by or under the relevant written laws;

- (b) that the premises in respect of which the application is made are in good repair and are in a clean and wholesome condition, and are provided with adequate and proper sanitary arrangements;
- (c) that the premises in respect of which the application is made are located at least three hundred metres from any nursery, primary, secondary or other learning institutions for persons under the age of eighteen years.

(2) The Sub-county Committee shall not grant a licence for the sale of an alcoholic drink in –

- (a) a supermarket or such other related retail chain store unless it is satisfied that the applicant has taken measures to ensure that the area in which the sale is to take place is not accessible to persons under the age of eighteen years;
- (b) in an outlet or premises located within a fuel station or a fast food restaurant.

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

(3) Despite subsection (1), the Sub-county Committee may issue a licence to a premise located within three hundred metres of any nursery, primary, secondary or other learning institution for persons under the age of eighteen years only if –

- (a) the premises do not share a wall with the institution and are sealed off by a physical and non transparent barrier that ensures zero visibility of the premise from the locality of the institution;
- (b) the premises displays on its outside any of the prescribed health messages in a clear and visible manner;
- (c) the premises do not bear any outdoor liquorliquor promotion or advertisement;
- (d) the applicant does not engage in activities that interfere with learning in the institution or activities that are calculated to attract persons under the age of eighteen to the premises;

Persons not eligible for a licence.

15.(1) The Sub-county committee shall not grant a new licence or transfer a licence to any person who—

- (a) has failed to satisfy the Sub-county Committee, if called upon to do so, of his good character and standing in relation to the expectations in this Act; or
- (b) has been convicted of an offence under this Act or of any offence of which the sentence is imprisonment without the option of a fine in Kenya or elsewhere for a period in excess of six months; or
- (c) in the case of a retail licence, is not resident in Kenya; or

(d) is under eighteen years of age; or

(e) is an undischarged bankrupt.

(2) The Sub-county committee may refuse to renew an existing licence only when the Sub-county Committee is satisfied that-

(a) the licensee is not a fit and proper person to hold the licence; or

(b) the licensee has been convicted of an offence under this Act or any Act at any time in force regulating the manufacture, distillation, distribution, sale of an alcoholic drink for more than three times within one year; or

(c) has been convicted of an offence and sentenced to imprisonment without the option of a fine in Kenya or elsewhere for a period in excess of six months; or

(d) the business to which the licence relates is conducted in a manner that is in breach of this Act, or any other rules and regulations for the time being in effect, or conditions set by the Sub-county Committee ; or

(e) the conditions of the licence have not been satisfactorily fulfilled; or

(f) the premises to which the licence relates are not in a proper state of repair, or are not provided with proper sanitary arrangements, or do not comply with the reasonable requirements of the Sub-county public health officer and the owner of the premises or the licensee refuses or is unable to give satisfactory guarantees that

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

the necessary repairs will be carried out, or due compliance effected, as the case may be, within a time specified by the Sub-county Committee.

Validity and renewal of licences.

16.(1) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, a Sub-county Committee may, subject to this Part, grant, renew, transfer or remove a licence, and may embody therein such conditions as it may deem appropriate, or it may refuse to grant, renew, transfer, withdraw or cancel a licence.

(2) Every licence and every renewal, transfer, withdrawal or cancellation thereof shall be sufficiently authenticated by the Sub-county Committee.

(3) Every grant of a licence or its every renewal or transfer shall-

- (a) be subject to the payment of such fee or fees as may be prescribed;
- (b) expire on the thirty first day of December each year;
- (c) specify in the licence the hours stipulated under the First Schedule and as national legislation may provide within which the sale of alcohol is permitted and any other relevant condition.

(4) Where an application for the renewal of a licence has been made and the Sub-county Committee has not by the date of expiration of the licence reached a decision thereon, such licence shall continue in force until the decision of the Sub-county Committee is made known.

(5) Where an application for a licence has been refused, or a licence has been cancelled, no

subsequent application by the former applicant or licensee for a licence of the same description shall be considered by the Sub-county Committee during the period of six months from the date of such refusal or cancellation, except at the discretion of the Sub-county Committee.

Review.

17.(1) An applicant whose application for a new licence, to renew or transfer a licence has been refused or cancelled may within fourteen days of such refusal, request in writing the review of such refusal to the Review Committee.

(2) A person aggrieved by the decision of the sub-county committee to grant a new licence or to renew a licence may request in writing the review of such decision.

(3) Upon receipt of a request under this section, the Review Committee shall notify the sub-county committee of the pending review.

(4) The Review Committee shall within twenty-one days consider and make a final determination on the request for review.

(5) The Review Committee may-

- (a) dismiss the request for review in its opinion, the request is frivolous or vexatious;
- (b) uphold the decision of the sub-county committee;
- (c) annul the decision of the sub-county committee
- (d) give directions to the sub-county committee with respect to any action to be taken;
- (e) make any other declaration as it may deem fit.

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

Right of review. **18.** The right to request for review under section 17 does not prohibit a person from seeking any other legal remedy a person may have.

Appeals to Court. **19.** (1) Notwithstanding section 17, an applicant whose application for a new licence, to renew or transfer a licence has been refused may within twenty-one days of such refusal appeal against such refusal to Court.

(2) An applicant under section 17 who is not satisfied with the decision of the Review Committee may within twenty-one days appeal to the High Court.

Licences to body corporate. **20.** (1) A licence issued to a body corporate shall be issued in the name of the body corporate:

Provided that the Sub-county committee may require prior disclosure of the directorship of the body corporate or refuse to grant a licence to the body corporate if any of the directors does not qualify to be granted the licence individually.

(2) No transfer of a licence issued to a body corporate shall be necessary on any change in the office of secretary, but any person for the time being holding such office shall be entitled to the privileges granted by, and shall be subject to the duties and liabilities imposed upon the holder of, such licence.

Types of licences. **21.**(1) The several licences which may be granted under this Act shall be those specified in the Second Schedule, and the provisions of that Schedule and of any rules made under this Act shall have effect in relation to the respective licences therein specified.

(2) Save as otherwise provided in this Act, no

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

licence may be granted so as to be applicable to more premises than one.

(3) The Sub-county Committee shall, when a licence is granted, renewed, withdrawn or cancelled, include in the licence a sufficient description of the licensed premises.

(4) A licence may be granted to apply to more than one premise, subject to such conditions as may be specified in the licence and to specification of the addresses of all such premises in the licence.

Transfer of licence.

22. (1) Where a licensee sells or leases or otherwise disposes of the premises or business specified in his licence, he may apply in writing to the Sub-county committee for the transfer of his licence to the purchaser or lessee or otherwise of such premises, and the Sub-county Committee may, if it thinks fit, grant a transfer of such licence.

(2) No further fee shall be payable in respect of a licence granted under subsection (3) if, at the date of the grant, the licence which was temporarily transferred was valid for a period of more than six months.

(3) In the event of the death, bankruptcy or unsoundness of mind of a licensee, or in any similar event to which the Sub-county committee declares in writing that this section should be applied, it shall be lawful, for the purposes of this Act for the executor, administrator, trustee or manager, as the case may be or any other person approved by the Sub-county committee, to carry on the business of the licensee without any transfer or grant of a licence either personally or by an agent approved by the Sub-county committee.

(4) Every person to whom a licence may have

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

been transferred under subsection (1), and every person permitted to carry on a business without a transfer or grant of a licence in pursuance of subsection (3), shall possess all the rights and be liable to all the duties and obligations of the original licensee

Removal of licence.

23.(1) If the renewal of a licence is refused, the licensee shall, on payment of the proportionate part of the fee for the appropriate licence, be entitled to a licence of such description and for such period, not exceeding three months, as the Sub-county Committee may consider necessary for the purpose of disposing of the alcoholic drink or apparatus on the premises, such period to commence on the day after the last sitting of the Sub-county Committee at which the renewal of his licence has been refused, or on the day after the termination of his existing licence, whichever day is the later.

Licence to be displayed.

24.(1) Every licence shall be prominently and conspicuously displayed on the premises to which it relates, and any licensee who fails or neglects so to display his licence commits an offence.

(2) Where a wholesale alcoholic drink licence is granted so as to be applicable to more premises than one, it shall be displayed in the premises first named therein and copies thereof displayed in the other outlets.

(3) Any person causing or permitting to be on his premises or on premises under his control any words, letters or sign falsely importing that he is a licensee commits an offence.

Employment for sale of liquor.

25.(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other written law, no licensee shall employ a person under the age of 18, to sell, control or supervise the sale of liquor or to have the custody or control of liquor on

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

licensed premises.

(2) Where a licensee permits another person to manage, superintend or conduct the day-to-day business of the premises in respect of which he is licensed, the licensee shall not be relieved of his duties and obligations under this Act.

(3) Any person who contravenes the provisions of this section commits an offence.

Drunken behaviour.

26.(1) A licensee or an agent or employee of a licensee may refuse to admit to, and shall expel from, the premises to which his licence relates any person who is drunk and disorderly, violent, or quarrelsome, or whose presence would subject the licensee to a fine or penalty under this Act.

(2) Any person referred to in subsection (1) who, on being requested by the licensee or his agent or employee, or by a police officer, to quit the licensed premises, refuses to do so, commits an offence.

(3) On the demand of a licensee or his agent or employee, a police officer shall expel or assist in expelling from the licensed premises the person referred to in subsection (1).

(4) A licensee who permits any drunkenness leading to violent, quarrelsome or riotous conduct to take place on the premises to which the licence relates commits an offence.

Debt from sale of liquor.

27. No suit shall be maintainable to recover any debt alleged to be due in respect of the sale of any alcoholic drink which was delivered for consumption on the premises where it was sold unless it was sold for consumption with a meal supplied at the time of sale or unless the person to whom it was sold or supplied was at the time of the sale a lodger on such

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

premises.

Access by persons
under age of
eighteen.

28.(1) No person holding a licence to manufacture, store or sell liquor under this Act shall allow a person under the age of eighteen years to enter or gain access to the area in which the alcoholic drink is manufactured, stored, sold or consumed.

(2) A person shall not enter or gain access to an area referred to under subsection (1) if such a person is in custody or accompanied by a person under the age of eighteen years.

(3) Any person who contravenes the provisions of subsection (1) and (2) commits an offence.

Reports by public
health officers and
police officers.

29.(1) A Sub-county public health officer within whose jurisdiction the premises fall shall report to the Sub-county Committee any licensed premises which are deficient in their state of sanitary or drainage conditions, or which are in bad repair.

(2) A Sub-county public health officer or any person authorized by him in writing in that behalf may enter and inspect any licensed premises for the purpose of ascertaining whether a report under subsection (1) is required.

(3) A police officer not below the rank of Inspector shall report in writing to the chairperson of the appropriate Sub-county Committee every case in which a licensee is of drunken habits or keeps a disorderly house, or commits any breach of any of the provisions of this Act or of his licence.

(4) A police officer not below the rank of Inspector may without written authority enter and inspect any licensed premises for the purpose of ascertaining whether a report under subsection (1) is required.

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

Cancellation of
licence.

30.(1) Upon receipt of a report made under section 29 the Sub-county Committee shall—

- (a) send, by registered post or other verifiable mode of dispatch, a copy of the report to the licensee concerned therewith, informing him that at a meeting of the Sub-county Committee to be held on a date to be specified, but not less than thirty days there from, the report will be considered by the Sub-county Committee;
- (b) send a copy of the report to every member of the Sub-county committee;
- (c) inform the Sub-county public health officer or the police officer, as the case may be, of the date upon which the Sub-county committee will consider the report, and require him to attend on the date specified.

(2) Any licensee concerning whom a report is to be considered may appear in person or by advocate before the Sub-county Committee.

(3) The Sub-county Committee, having duly considered the report and having heard the licensee, if he appears, may, if it deems fit, cancel the licence of the licensee reported upon, or it may make such an order in respect of such licence or the licensed premises specified therein as, in the opinion of the Sub-county Committee, is necessary.

(4) Any person aggrieved by the decision of the Sub-county committee upon any such report may within twenty-one days appeal against the decision to Court.

(5) The Court, on an appeal under this section, may confirm or reverse the decision of the Sub-county Committee.

(6) If a licence is cancelled or if on appeal under sub section (5), the appeal is dismissed by the Court, the licensee shall be entitled, on payment of the proportionate part of the fee for the appropriate licence, to a licence of such description and for such period, not exceeding three months, as the Sub-county committee may deem necessary for the purpose of disposing of the alcoholic drink or apparatus on the premises, such licence to run from the date of the decision of the Sub-county Committee or of the Court as the case may be.

PART IV-GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Conformity with requirements.

31. (1) No person shall manufacture, or distribute or sell an alcoholic drink in the county that does not conform to the requirements of this Act or any other written law regulating liquor.

(2) A person who contravenes the provisions of this section in relation to manufacture, distribution and importation of liquor commits an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two million shillings, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years, or to both.

(3) A person who contravenes the provisions of this section in relation to sale of liquor commits an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred and fifty thousand shillings, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year, or to both.

Supply to young persons.

32.(1) No person shall sell, supply or provide knowingly liquor to a person under the age of

eighteen years.

(2) Subject to subsection (3), a person who contravenes the provisions of subsection (1) commits an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred and fifty thousand shillings, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year, or to both.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), it shall be a defence to an offence under this section if it is established that the accused person attempted to verify that the young person was at least eighteen years of age by asking for and being shown any of the documents specified in subsection (4) for the purpose of verifying the age of the young person and believed, on reasonable grounds, that the documentation was authentic.

(4) For the purposes of this section, the following documentation may be used to verify a person's age –

- (a) a national identity card issued by the Republic of Kenya;
- (b) a passport issued by the Republic of Kenya or any other country; or
- (c) any other documentation as the Executive Member may prescribe.

Display of signs.

33. (1) Every retailer shall post, in the prescribed place and manner, signs in the prescribed form and with the prescribed content, that inform the public that the sale or the availing of liquor to a person under the age of eighteen years is prohibited by law.

(2) Every sign required to be posted under subsection (1) shall –

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

- (a) be displayed on a surface measuring not less than 12 inches by 8 inches in size;
- (b) bear the word “WARNING/ONYO” in capital letters followed by the prescribed health warning which shall appear in conspicuous and legible type and shall be black on a white background or white on a black background and shall be enclosed by a rectangular border that is the same colour as the letters of the statement;
- (c) be in English and in Kiswahili.

(3) A retailer who contravenes any of the provisions of this section commits an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand shillings, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or to both.

Vending machines.

34.(1) No person shall sell or permit liquor to be sold by way of an automatic vending machine.

(2) A person who contravenes this section commits an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred thousand shillings, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months, or to both.

Selling in sachets.

35.(1) No person shall sell, manufacture, pack or distribute an liquor in sachets or such other form as may be prescribed under this Act or any other relevant written law.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), -

- (a) no person shall manufacture, pack, distribute or sell in the county liquor in a container of less than 250 millilitre;

(b) any other distilled or fortified alcoholic drink shall only be manufactured, packed, sold or distributed in glass bottles of the kind specified in paragraph (a) or as may be prescribed in the national legislation related to control of liquor.

(3) A person who contravenes this section commits an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding One hundred and fifty thousand shillings and not less than fifty thousand shillings, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or to both.

PART V- SALE AND CONSUMPTION

Sale to intoxicated person

36. Any licensee who sells liquor to a person already in a state of intoxication or by any means encourages or incites him to consume liquor commits an offence.

Disorderly conduct

37.(1) Any person found by a police officer to be drunk and incapable or drunk and disorderly in or near a street, road, licensed premises, shop, hotel or other public place may be arrested without warrant and brought without unreasonable delay before a Magistrate

(2) Any person convicted of being drunk and incapable or drunk and disorderly in or near a place referred to in subsection (1) shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand shillings or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to both.

Cap 10.

(3) Upon conviction under sub-section (2), the convicting Magistrate may issue an order for community service to any person convicted of the offence under this section for more than one time in accordance with provisions of the Community Service Orders Act, 1998.

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

(4) Despite sub-section (3), any person convicted under subsection (2) on more than three occasions in any period of twelve months shall -

- (a) be ordered by the convicting Magistrate to undergo compulsory, rehabilitation programme as may be appropriate in a public health institution;

be forthwith reported by the convicting Magistrate to the Sub-county Committee, which shall inform such licensees as he deems desirable of such convictions, and thereupon, and until a period of twelve months has passed without any further such conviction in respect of that person, any licensee so informed who knowingly sells or supplies liquor to or for delivery to that person commits an offence, and it shall furthermore be an offence for that person to be in possession of any alcoholic drink.

Breach of licence.

38. (1) Any person who sells liquor or offers or exposes it for sale or who bottles liquor except under and in accordance with, and on such premises as may be specified in a licence issued in that behalf under this Act commits an offence and is liable—

- (a) for a first offence, to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand shillings or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding nine months, or to both;
- (b) for a second or subsequent offence, to a fine not exceeding one hundred thousand shillings or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both,

and in addition to any penalty imposed under

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

paragraph (a) or (b), the court may order, the forfeiture of all liquor found in the possession, custody or control of the person convicted, together with the vessels containing the alcoholic drink.

2) Except as may be provided for in this Act, no person shall-

(a) sell, liquor in any workplace, office, factory, public park or any public recreational facility, public transport vehicle, public beach, sports stadium or public street;

(b) sell, purchase or consume liquor in an liquor selling outlet after the expiry of the hours for which the outlet is licensed to sell the liquor.

(3) Any person who contravenes the provisions of subsection (2) commits an offence and shall be liable to the penalties specified under subsection (1)

Sale to authorized officer.

39. Any person who knowingly sells, supplies or offers liquor to an authorized officer or to a police officer in uniform or who harbours or suffers to remain on licensed premises any such police officer except for the purpose of keeping or restoring order or otherwise in the execution of his duty, commits an offence and is liable to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand shillings or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to both.

Non disclosure of conviction.

40. Any person who is required by any provision of this Act to disclose any conviction and fails to do so when making any application commits an offence.

Sale without licence.

41.(1) If any person purchases any liquor from a licensee whose licence does not cover the sale of that liquor for consumption on the premises, and drinks

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

the liquor on the premises where it is sold, or in any premises adjoining or near to those premises, if belonging to the seller of the liquor or under his control or used by his permission, or on any highway adjoining or near any such premises, and it is proved to the court that the drinking of the liquor was with the privity or consent of the licensee who sold the alcoholic drink, the licensee commits an offence.

(2) If a licensee whose licence does not cover the sale of liquor to be consumed on his premises himself takes or carries, or employs or suffers any other person to take or carry, any liquor out of or from his premises for the purpose of being sold on his account, or for his benefit or profit, and of being drunk or consumed in any place (whether enclosed or not, and whether or not a public thoroughfare) other than the licensed premises, with intent to evade the conditions of the licence, the licensee commits an offence, and, if the place is any house, tent, shed or other building belonging to the licensee or hired, used or occupied by him, the licensee shall be deemed, unless the contrary is proved, to have intended to evade the conditions of the licence.

Sale of adulterated drinks.

42. (1) No person shall keep for sale, offer for sale or sell-

(a) any liquor which has been in any way adulterated, or diluted by any person;

(b) any non-alcoholic drink which has been in any way adulterated with alcohol, or which contains any of the substances prohibited under the Liquor Control Act, 2010.

No. 4 of 2010.

(2) Any person who contravenes the provisions of this section commits an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten million Kenya shillings or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding ten years,

or to both.

(3) On the conviction of a licensee of an offence under subsection (2), the court may, in addition to any other penalty it may lawfully impose, if it finds that the drink in respect of which the offence was committed was adulterated by a substance or substances which rendered the drink unfit for human consumption, and unless the licensee proves to the satisfaction of the court that he took all reasonable precautions against such adulteration and that such adulteration took place without his knowledge or consent, order that his licence be forfeited, and no licence shall thereafter be granted or transferred to him.

Proof of sale.

43. (1) In any proceedings under this Act relating to the sale or consumption of an alcoholic drink, such sale or consumption shall be deemed to be proved if the court is satisfied that a transaction in the nature of a sale took place, whether or not any money has been shown to have passed, or as the case may be, if the court is satisfied that any consumption was about to take place.

(2) Evidence of consumption or intended consumption of an alcoholic drink, on licensed premises by some person other than the licensee or a member of his family or his employee or agent shall be *prima facie* evidence that the alcoholic drink was sold by or on behalf of the licensee to the person consuming or about to consume the alcoholic drink.

Burden of proof.

44. (1) The onus of proving that a person is licensed under this Act shall lie on that person.

(2) The fact that a person not licensed under this Act to sell liquor has a signboard or notice upon or near his premises, fitted with a bar or other place containing bottles, casks or vessels so displayed as to induce a reasonable belief that an alcoholic drink is

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

sold or served therein, or having alcoholic drink concealed, or more alcoholic drink than is reasonably required for the person residing therein, shall be deemed to be prima facie evidence of the unlawful sale of alcoholic drink by that person.

(3) In any proceedings under this Act, where a person is charged with selling alcoholic drink without a licence or without an appropriate licence, such alcoholic drink being in a bottle and appearing to be unopened and labelled by its bottler, the contents of such bottle shall be deemed, unless the contrary is proved, to be alcoholic drink of the description specified on the label thereof.

Endorsement of conviction on licence.

45. Every licensee who is convicted of an offence under this Act shall produce his licence to the court convicting him, and the court shall endorse every such conviction on the licence and the relevant administrative officer of the court shall inform the relevant Sub-county committee.

Forfeiture of licence upon conviction.

46. If in any proceedings before a court it appears that a licensee—

- (a) whether he was present in the licensed premises or not, has permitted an unlicensed person to be the owner or part owner of the business of the licensed premises or to have a substantial interest in that business, except with the consent of the Sub-county committee; or
- (b) is convicted of an offence under this Act and a previous conviction within the preceding twelve months of the same or any other offence under this Act or three such previous convictions within the preceding five years is or are proved; or
- (c) is twice convicted within twelve months

of selling, offering or keeping for sale any adulterated alcoholic drink,

then the court may, in addition to any other penalty which it may lawfully impose, order that his licence be forfeited, and that no licence shall be issued or transferred to him for such period as the court may order.

PART VI –ADVERTISEMENT AND PROMOTION

Prohibited advertisement and promotion.

47.(1) No person shall promote an alcoholic drink by way of outdoor advertisement–

- (a) in a manner that is false, misleading or deceptive or that are likely to create an erroneous impression about the characteristics, health effects, health hazards or social effects of the alcoholic drink;
- (b) through painting or decorating a residential building with the name of the alcoholic drink or manufacturer, colour and brand images or logos associated with a manufacturer or an alcoholic drink or any other related form; and
- (c) in places demarcated under any written law as residential areas or within a distance of three hundred metres from nursery, primary, secondary school, or other institution of learning for persons under the age of eighteen years or a place of worship, health facility or a public playground or any other public land or property or in public service vehicle.

(2) A person who contravenes the provisions of this section commits an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand shillings, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years, or to both.

(3) Pursuant to Article 24(2) of the Constitution, the right to freedom of expression set out in Article 33 of the Constitution is limited to the extent specified in this section for the purpose of –

(a) protecting consumers of liquor from misleading or deceptive inducements to use liquor; and

(b) protecting persons under the age of eighteen years from negative impact on health and social development from exposure to advertisements of liquor

Promotion at
underage events.

48.(1) No person shall promote an alcoholic drink -

(a) at any event or activity associated with persons under the age of eighteen years;

(b) using such things or materials that are associated with persons under the age of eighteen years.

(2) Any person who contravenes the provisions of this section commits an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand shilling or imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(3) Pursuant to Article 24(2) of the Constitution, the right to freedom of expression set out in Article 33 of the Constitution is limited to the extent specified in this section for the purpose of protecting persons under the age of eighteen years from negative impact on health and social development from

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

exposure to advertisements of liquor

Encouraging
consumption.

49. (1) A licensee shall not –

(a) award, grant or give to a person an alcoholic drink for consumption in or outside the licensed the premises without any consideration equivalent to the market price of the alcoholic drink; or

(b) promote any alcoholic drink in such a manner as to encourage more consumption of an alcoholic drink in order to win an award or prize.

(2) A person who contravenes any of the provisions of this section commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand shillings, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years, or to both.

(3) Pursuant to Article 24(2) of the Constitution, the right to freedom of expression set out in Article 33 of the Constitution is limited to the extent specified in this section for the purpose of protecting consumers of liquor from misleading or deceptive inducements to use liquor and also for the purpose of protecting persons under the age of eighteen years from negative impact on health and social development from exposure to advertisements of liquor

PART VII- ENFORCEMENT

Authorised officers.

50. (1) The Executive Member shall, upon recommendation by the Sub-county Committee, appoint for each Sub-county, any person or class of persons to be authorised officers for purposes of this Act.

(2) The Executive Member shall issue a

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

certificate of appointment to every person appointed under this section.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the following officers shall be deemed to be authorised officers for the purposes of this Act-

Cap. 242.

No 11A of 2011.

Cap 496.

Cap 513.

(a) public health officers appointed under the Public Health Act ; and

(b) officers appointed as enforcement officers under the National Police Service Act, Standards Act, Weights and Measures Act and Anti-counterfeit Act

(c) any other person upon whom any written law vests functions of the maintenance of law and order.

Enforcement
Committee

51.(1) The Governor may establish a County Liquor Control Enforcement Coordinating Committee for the purposes of enforcing this Act.

(2) The Enforcement Committee shall consist of -

(a) the chief officer responsible for Liquor Control who shall be the chairperson of the Committee;

(b) one authorized officer appointed under section 50;

(c) the officer responsible for coordination of national government functions in the county;

(d) the County Public Health Officer;

(e) two officer in charge of police services in the county drawn from the Administration

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

Police & Kenya Police;

- (f) one officer appointed by Kenya Bureau of Standards;
- (g) one officer appointed by Anti-Counterfeit Agency;
- (h) one officer appointed by Department of Weights and Measures;
- (i) any other officer as the Governor may designate.

(3) The Directorate shall provide secretariat services to the Enforcement Committee.

Functions of
Enforcement
Committee.

52. The functions of the Enforcement Committee shall be to-

- (a) coordinate enforcement of the Act;
- (b) monitor and evaluate the enforcement process and system under the Act;
- (c) advise the Governor on the necessary measures to be adopted in ensuring effective enforcement and compliance with the Act;
- (d) carry out any other function as may from time to time be assigned by the Governor.

Places authorized
officers may enter.

53.(1) For the purposes of ensuring compliance with this Act, an authorized officer may, at any reasonable time, enter any place in which the officer believes on reasonable grounds that any person or persons is in any way contravening the provisions of this Act.

(2) An authorized officer entering any premises

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

under this section shall, if so required, produce for inspection by the person who is or appears to be in charge of the premises the certificate issued to him under section 50 (2).

(3) Pursuant to Article 24(2) of the Constitution, the right to privacy set out in Article 31 of the Constitution is limited to the extent specified in this section for the purpose of protecting consumers of liquor by ensuring fair and ethical business practices related to production, distribution, promotion and sale of liquor as specified in this Act.

Powers of officers.

54. (1) In carrying out an inspection in any place pursuant to section 53, an authorized officer may—

- (a) confiscate for examination an alcoholic drink or anything referred to in that section;
- (b) require any person in such place to produce for inspection, in the manner and form requested by the officer, the alcoholic drink or thing;
- (c) open or require any person in the place to open any container or package found in the place that the officer believes on reasonable grounds contains the alcoholic drink or thing;
- (d) conduct any test or analysis or take any measurements; or
- (e) require any person found in the place to produce for inspection or copying, any written or electronic information that is relevant to the administration or enforcement of this Act.

(2) Pursuant to Article 24(2) of the Constitution,

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

the rights to privacy and property set out in Articles 31 and 40 of the Constitution are limited to the extent specified in this section for the purpose of enforcement of this Act and for protecting consumers of liquor by ensuring fair and ethical business practices related to production, distribution, promotion and sale of liquor as specified in this Act.

Use of records.

55. In carrying out an inspection in a place, an authorised officer may-

- (a) use or cause to be used any computer system in the place to examine data contained in or available to the computer system that is relevant to the administration or enforcement of this Act;
- (b) reproduce the data in the form of a print-out or other intelligible output and take it for examination or copying;
- (c) use or cause to be used any copying equipment in the place to make copies of any data, record or document;
- (d) scrutinize any other record system in use in that place.

(3) Pursuant to Article 24(2) of the Constitution, the rights to privacy and property set out in Articles 31 and 40 of the Constitution are limited to the extent specified in this section for the purpose of protecting consumers of liquor by ensuring fair and ethical business practices related to production, distribution, promotion and sale of liquor as specified in this Act.

Entry of dwelling place.

56. An authorized officer may not enter a dwelling place except with the consent of the occupant or under the authority of a warrant issued under section 57.

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

Court to issue
warrant.

57. (1) Upon an ex-parte application, a magistrate or judge of the High Court, may issue a warrant authorizing the authorized officer named in the warrant to enter and inspect a dwelling place, subject to any conditions specified in the warrant, if the magistrate or judge is satisfied by information on oath that –

- (a) the dwelling place is a place referred to in section 53;
- (b) entry to the dwelling place is necessary for the administration or enforcement of this Act;
- (c) the occupant does not consent to the entry, or that entry has been refused or there are reasonable grounds for believing that it will be refused.

(2) The time of such entry shall be between six o'clock in the forenoon and six o'clock in the afternoon of any day of the week.

Use of force.

58. An authorized officer executing the warrant issued under section 57 shall not use force unless such officer is accompanied by a police officer and the use of force is specifically authorized in the warrant.

Certificate of
analysis.

59. An authorized officer who has analyzed or examined an alcoholic drink or thing under this Act, or a sample of it, shall issue a certificate or report setting out the results of the analysis or examination.

Assistance of
officers.

60. (1) The owner of a place inspected by an authorized officer under this Act or the person in charge of the place and every person found in the place shall —

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

(a) provide all reasonable assistance to enable the authorized officer to carry out his duties under this Act;

(b) furnish the authorized officer with such information as the officer reasonably requires for the purpose for which entry into the place has been made.

(2) The inspecting agent in subsection (1) shall issue the respective inspection completion and certification certificate once satisfied with the inspection.

Obstruction.

61. No person shall obstruct or hinder, or knowingly make a false or misleading statement to an authorized officer who is carrying out duties under this Act.

Seizure.

62. (1) During an inspection under this Act, an authorized officer may seize any alcoholic drink or thing by means of which or in relation to which the officer believes, on reasonable grounds, that this Act has been contravened and a full inventory thereof shall be made at the time of such seizure by the officer.

(2) The authorized officer may direct that any alcoholic drink or thing seized be kept or stored in the place where it was seized or that it be removed to another place.

(3) Unless authorized by an officer, no person shall remove, alter or interfere in any manner with any alcoholic drink or other thing seized.

(4) Any person from whom an alcoholic drink or thing was seized may, within thirty days after the date of seizure, apply to the High Court for an order of

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

restoration, and shall send notice containing the prescribed information to the Executive Member within the prescribed time and in the prescribed manner.

(5) Pursuant to Article 24(2) of the Constitution, the rights to privacy and property set out in Articles 31 and 40 of the Constitution are limited to the extent specified in this section for the purpose of protecting consumers of liquor by ensuring fair and ethical business practices related to production, distribution, promotion and sale of liquor as specified in this Act.

Order for restoration.

63.(1) The (High) Court may order that the alcoholic drink or thing be restored immediately to the applicant if, on hearing the application, the court is satisfied that-

- (a) the applicant is entitled to possession of the alcoholic drink or thing seized; and
- (b) the alcoholic drink or thing seized is not and will not be required as evidence in any proceedings in respect of an offence under this Act.

(2) Where upon hearing an application made under subsection (1) the court is satisfied that the applicant is entitled to possession of the alcoholic drink or thing seized but is not satisfied with respect to the matters mentioned in paragraph (b) of subsection (1), the court may order that the alcoholic drink or thing seized be restored to the applicant on the expiration of one hundred and eighty days from the date of seizure if no proceedings in respect of an offence under this Act have been commenced before that time.

General penalty.

64. Any person convicted of an offence under this Act for which no other penalty is provided shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

shillings, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years, or to both.

Nature of offences.

65.(1) Offences under this Act, other than the offences specified under Part VI, shall be cognizable offences.

(2) Where a corporation, registered society or other similar legal entity commits an offence under this Act, any director or officer of the corporation, society or legal entity who acquiesced in the offence commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to the penalty provided for by this Act in respect of the offence committed by the corporation, society or legal entity, whether or not such corporation, society or legal entity has been prosecuted.

(3) In any prosecution for an offence under this Act, it shall be sufficient proof of the offence to establish that the offence was committed by an employee or agent of the accused.

(4) Any act done or omitted to be done by an employee in contravention of any of the provisions of this Act shall be deemed also to be the act or omission of the employer, and any proceedings for an offence arising out of such act or omission may be taken against both the employer and the employee.

Nature of evidence in proceedings.

66. (1) In any prosecution for an offence under this Act, a copy of any written or electronic information obtained during an inspection under this Act and certified to be a true copy thereof shall be admissible in evidence and shall, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, be proof of its contents.

(2) Subject to this Part, a certificate or report purporting to be signed by an officer stating that the officer analyzed anything to which this Act applies and stating the results of the analysis, shall be admissible in evidence in any prosecution for an

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

offence under this Act without proof of the signature or official character of the person appearing to have signed the certificate or report.

(3) The certificate or report may not be received in evidence unless the party intending to produce it has, before the trial, given the party against whom it is intended to be produced notice of not less than seven days of that intention together with a copy of the certificate or report.

(4) The party against whom the certificate or report provided for under subsection (3) is produced may, with leave of the court, require the attendance of the officer for purposes of cross examination.

(5) In a prosecution for a contravention of this Act-

- (a) information on a package indicating that it contains an alcoholic drink is, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, proof that the package contains an alcoholic drink; and
- (b) a name or address on a package purporting to be the name or address of the person by whom the alcoholic drink was manufactured is, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, proof that it was manufactured by that person.

PART VIII – MISCELLANEOUS

Regulations.

67. (1) The Executive Member may, on recommendation of the Department make Regulations generally for the better carrying out of the objects of this Act.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

subsection (1), the Regulations may-

- (a) prescribe anything required by this Act to be prescribed or prohibit anything required by this Act to be prohibited;
- (b) prescribe the forms of applications, notices, licenses and other documents for use under this Act;
- (c) prescribe the fees payable under this Act.

(3) Pursuant to Article 94 (6) of the Constitution, the legislative authority delegated to the Executive Member in this section shall be exercised only for the purpose and intent specified in this section and in accordance with the principles and standards set out in the Interpretation and General Provisions Act and the Statutory instrument Act, 2013.

Transitional.
No. 4 of 2010.

68.(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, a person who, immediately before the commencement of this Act was in accordance with Liquor Control Act, 2010 a manufacturer, importer, distributor or retailer of any alcoholic drink under that Act shall be deemed to be a manufacturer, importer, distributor or retailer of any alcoholic drink under this Act.

(2)The manufacturer, importer, exporter, distributor or retailer of any alcoholic drink in the contemplated referred to in subsection (1), shall, within four months upon commencement of this Act, comply with the requirements of this Act.

FIRST SCHEDULE (s.16)

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

LICENCE HOURS

Licenses

Licence Hours, Conditions and Exceptions

1. General Alcoholic Licence (on licence) Retail Drink Authorized to sell alcoholic drink:
 - (a) From Monday to Friday during the hours of 5.00 p.m. to 11.00 p.m.
 - (b) During weekends and public holidays during the hours of 2:00 pm to 11:00 p.m.

2. General Alcoholic Licence (Off Licence) Wines and Spirits Retailers (Rural and Sub-Urban) Retail Drink Authorised to sell alcoholic drink on any day of the week during the hours of 5: 00 p.m. to 8:30 p.m.

3. Supermarket Franchised Chain Stores Alcoholic Licence (Off-Licence) or Retail Drink (Urban) Authorised to sell alcoholic drink on any day of the week during the hours of 10.00 a.m. to 8:30 p.m.

4. Hotel Alcoholic Drink Licence Authorized to sell alcoholic drink on any day of the week to a lodger - for his own consumption and his guest's consumption on the premises, at any hour.

5. Club Alcoholic Drink Licence
 - (a) Members Club
A members club licence may only be held by a club that is a non-profit association incorporated under the Society's Act. Authorized to sell alcoholic drink to members
 - (a) From Monday to Friday during the hours of 5.00 p.m. to 11.00 p.m.
 - (b) During weekends and public holidays during the hours of 2:00 pm to 11:00 p.m.

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

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| (b) Proprietary Club
(Including Night Club) | Authorized to sell alcoholic drink any day of the week during the hours of 7.00 p.m. to 3.00 a.m. |
| 6. Theatre Alcoholic Drink Licence. | Authorized to sell alcoholic drink during the hours of 5.00 p.m. to 1100. p.m. |
| 7. Travellers' Alcoholic Drink Licence. | Authorized to sell alcoholic drink on any day of the week at any hour to persons bona fide travelers on board a train or air. |
| 8. Railway Restaurant Car Alcoholic Drink Licence. | Authorized to sell alcoholic drink at any hour. |
| 9. Steamship Alcoholic Drink Licence. | Authorized to sell alcoholic drink on any day of the week at any hour while the steamship, whether stationary or in motion, is on a voyage. |
| 10. Temporary Occasional license. | or
Authorised to sell alcoholic drink on the day and during the hours stipulated in the license by the Sub-county Committee for the purposes of specific occasions, ceremonies or events as indicated in the application. |

SECOND SCHEDULE (s.21)

TYPES OF LICENCES

The following licences may be granted under this Act

1. Manufacturer’s Licence

Subject to the conditions specified in the licence, a Manufacturer’s licence authorizes the holder to-

No 4 of 2010.

- (a) manufacture and store the manufactured alcoholic drink in his depot;
- (b) sell the product of his manufacturing plant by wholesale in accordance with the conditions that are for the time being, applicable to a holder of a wholesale licence or by delivery from depot throughout Kenya in accordance with the Liquor Control Act, 2010; and
- (c) bottle the alcoholic drink subject to such conditions as may be prescribed.

For the purposes of this paragraph, “depot” means premises of whatever description which are occupied by a Manufacturer for of his trade.

2. Wholesale Licence.

A wholesale licence authorizes the licensee to sell an alcoholic drink at the premises specified in the licence, subject to such conditions as may be prescribed.

3. Retail Licence

A retail licence authorizes the licensee to sell an alcoholic drink on the premises, at the hours and subject to such other conditions as are specified in the licence.

4. Import Licence

An import license authorizes the licensee to import an alcoholic drink and to sell the imported alcoholic drink at wholesale in accordance to the conditions

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

that are for the time being, applicable to a holder of a wholesale licence.

MEMORANDUM OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

Firstly, the Bill seeks to provide for the implementation of section 4 (c) of Part 2 of the Fourth Schedule of the Constitution of Kenya on liquor licensing by the county government.

Secondly, the Bill proposes to integrate the control of alcoholic drinks into the promotion of primary health care, control of outdoor advertisement in accordance with the Fourth Schedule of the Constitution of Kenya.

Thirdly, the Bill seeks to apply the Alcoholic Drinks Control Act, 2010 in line with the devolved government system.

PART I of the Bill provides for the preliminaries, which include the interpretation of terms-used in the Bill as well as the objects and purpose of the Bill. The objects include protection of persons under the age of eighteen years from the negative impact of alcoholic drinks, promotion of ethical business practices, as well as provision of public education.

PART II of the Bill proposes to create the Alcoholic Drinks Control Directorate, which will be an office in the county public service. The Directorate will be responsible for supporting the sub-county committees, carrying out public education, facilitating citizen participation, facilitating establishment of treatment and rehabilitation facilities and programs, carrying out research and advising on policy to be adopted in the county among others. The Bill also proposes the establishment of the Alcoholic Drinks Control Fund, which will consist of money appropriated by county assembly and licence fees payable under the Act. The Fund will be used for financing the implementation of the Act.

PART III of the Bill provides for the licensing framework including procedure and conditions related to licensing of alcoholic drinks. The Bill proposes the establishment of sub-county alcoholic drinks control Committee to licence persons dealing with alcoholic drinks. The Bill also proposes the establishment of Alcoholic drinks Review Committee for reviewing decisions of sub-county committee when disputes arise therefrom.

PART IV of the Bill provides for general requirements related to sale, manufacture, distribution and consumption of alcoholic drinks.

The Kilifi County Liquor Control Bill, 2014

PART V provides for sale and consumption of alcoholic drinks. The Bill proposes the integration of the Community Services Order Act in dealing with drunkenness and disorderliness as well as control of manufacture of illicit alcoholic drinks.

PART VI proposes control of outdoor advertisements in relation to alcoholic drinks. The Bill proposes prohibition of outdoor advertisements near schools for persons under the age of eighteen years, painting residential buildings with alcoholic drinks brand names or colours as well as giving of free drinks.

PART VII of the Bill for the enforcement of the Bill. The Bill proposes appointment of authorized officers to enforce the Bill and proposes the establishment of the alcoholic drinks enforcement committee to provide policy advise and oversight over coordination of enforcement of the law.

PART VIII of the Bill provides for miscellaneous provisions. The Bill proposes to empower the executive member responsible for alcoholic drinks control powers to make regulations for better carrying out purposes of the Bill. The Bill further provides for a transition period of four months.

The Bill also in accordance with the Alcoholic Drinks Control Act proposes the hours of sale of alcoholic drinks that licensed persons under the Act must comply with in accordance with the First Schedule.

The enactment of the Bill shall occasion additional expenditure of public funds, which shall be provided for in the estimates.

Dated theJuly, 2014.

ALPHONCE TOKALI
Executive Member for Trade, Industrialization, Co-operative
Development, Tourism and Wildlife